## AMINOPYRALID: GLOBAL OPPORTUNITIES WITH A NEW DOW AGROSCIENCES' HERBICIDE

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Aminopyralid is a new pyridine carboxylic acid herbicide designed and developed for selective broadleaf weed control in rangeland, pastures, rights-of-way, other non-cropland areas natural areas, wheat, barley, sorghum, oil palm and rubber plantations. Aminopyralid provides systemic post-emergence control of herbaceous broadleaf, semi-woody and woody plants. Aminopyralid offers a high level of crop tolerance in a wide range of temperate and tropical forage grasses and cereals. It is effective at rates between 52.5 and 120 g ae ha-1 in rangeland and non-crop land areas. It will be offered as a stand alone treatment or in premixes with 2,4-D, fluroxypyr and triclopyr. Applied as a stand-alone treatment, aminopyralid controls key weeds in the genera Ambrosia, Acacia, Carduus, Centaurea, Mimosa, and Rumex, in addition to controlling weeds like Cirsium arvense, Acroptilon repens, Senecio jacobaea and Solanum viarum. Mixtures with the herbicides already mentioned, will control a variety of added broadleaf weeds, including Daucus carota, Lantana camara, Lespedeza sp., Ranunculus sp., Senna obtusifolia, Sida sp., Solidago sp., Symphoricarpos occidentalis, Taraxacum officinale, Urtica sp., Vernonia sp. and Vervain sp., In small cereal grains, aminopyralid applied post-emergence will provide excellent activity for control of Fallopia convolvulus, Polygonum aviculare, Silybum marianum, Chrysantemum segetum, Cirsium arvense and Papaver rhoeas, including ALS resistant and 2,4-D tolerant biotypes, with excellent crop safety. Aminopyralid will be offered in cereals with premix partners to control additional weeds including Galium aparine, Kochia scoparia, Stellaria media, Sinapsis arvensis, and Lamium amplexicaule. Product concepts in wheat are being developed in Argentina, Australia, Europe, Central and East Asia and the U.S. aminopyralid + glyphosate will be positioned in oil palm and rubber plantations as a post-emergence treatment applied around the base of the trees for control of key weeds including Ageratum conyzoides, Asystasia intrusa, Hedyotis verticillata, Mikania cordata, and Paspalum conjugatum. Aminopyralid uses in other crops such as oilseed rape and sugar cane are being evaluated. Registrations are anticipated in more than 45 countries.

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